

DJ – G29T

Service Manual

CONTENTS

SPECIFICATIONS

| | |
|------------------|---|
| General..... | 2 |
| Transmitter..... | 2 |
| Receiver..... | 3 |

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

| | |
|----------------------|------|
| 1) Reception..... | 4-7 |
| 2) Transmission..... | 7 |
| 3) CPU..... | 8-11 |

SEMICONDUCTOR DATA

| | |
|--|----|
| 1) BU4094BCFV (XA0506)..... | 12 |
| 2) NJM2070M (XA0210)..... | 13 |
| 3) TC4W53FU (XA0348)..... | 13 |
| 4) NJM2125F (XA0622)..... | 13 |
| 5) TK10931V (XA0666)..... | 14 |
| 6) uPC2771TB (XA0953)..... | 14 |
| 7) uPC2757TB (XA0976)..... | 15 |
| 8) BD4930FVE (XA1009)..... | 15 |
| 9) MB15F07SL (XA1033)..... | 15 |
| 10) MM1332EF (XA1139)..... | 15 |
| 11) AT24C51210 (XA1184)..... | 16 |
| 12) M62364FP (XA1293)..... | 16 |
| 13) S-812C32AMC (XA1353)..... | 16 |
| 14) LM2681 (XA1354)..... | 17 |
| 15) NJM12904RB1 (XA1355)..... | 17 |
| 16) NJM2746RB1 (XA1356)..... | 17 |
| 17) BA2902FV (XA1371)..... | 17 |
| 18) NJM2591V (XA1391)..... | 18 |
| 19) Transistor, Diode and LED Outline Drawings | 18 |
| 20) LCD Connection (EL0063)..... | 19 |
| | 20 |

EXPLODED VIEW

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1) Front View..... | |
| 2) Rear View..... | |
| 3) Bottom View..... | |

PARTS LIST

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| CPU Unit..... | |
| MAIN Unit..... | |
| Mechanical Unit..... | |
| Packing Unit..... | |

ADJUSTMENT

| | |
|---|--|
| 1) How to enter the adjustment mode..... | |
| 2) How to select the adjustment item..... | |
| 3) How to change the Squelch..... | |
| 4) How to transmit the Tone Burst..... | |
| 5) Standard Measuring Condition..... | |
| Adjustment Points..... | |
| Adjustment Specification..... | |

PC BOARD VIEW.....

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM.....

BLOCK DIAGRAM.....

ALINCO, INC.

SPECIFICATIONS

■ General

- Frequency range: TX(Main band): 222.000 – 224.995MHz
902.000 – 927.995MHz
RX(Main/Sub band): 216.000 – 249.995MHz
902.000 – 927.995MHz
- Antenna impedance: 50 ohm(SMA)
- Supply voltage: DC 7.4V(EBP-73 Li-ion battery pack)
DC 9~16V(external regulated source)
- Ground: Negative ground
- Current consumption:
 - TX approx. 1.7A/222MHz, 1.7A/902MHz
 - RX approx. 200mA/Dual, 150mA/Mono
 - Battery save (1:4) approx. average: Dual 56mA/Mono50mA
- Temperature range: -10°C~+45°C (+14~+113°F)
- Frequency stability: +2.5ppm(@-10 - +45°C)
- Dimensions (WxHxD Projections exclusive):
61 x 106 x 38 mm
or 2.40 x 4.17 x 1.50 in.
- Weight (Antenna/EBP-73 inclusive):
Approx. 296g /9.55 oz

■ Transmitter

- Output power (approx):
 - DC13.8V:222MHz 5/1/0.4W, 902MHz 2.5/1/0.4W
 - EBP-73:222MHz 4/0.8/0.3W, 902MHz 1.7/0.8/0.3W
- Modulation mode: F1D/F2D/F3E
- Spurious emission: -60dB or less
- Maximum frequency deviation: ±5kHz

■ Receiver

- System: Double-conversion super heterodyne
- IF frequencies(1st/2nd):
Main band: 51.65MHz / 450kHz
Sub band: 50.75MHz / 450kHz
- Sensitivity:
Main band: 222MHz ham-radio bands -14dB μ
902MHz ham-radio bands -14dB μ
Sub band: 222MHz ham-radio bands -14dB μ
902MHz ham-radio bands -14dB μ
- Selectivity: -6dB 12kHz or more / -60dB 35kHz or less
- Audio output power: More than 400mW (8 Ω /MAX)

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1) Reception

1. RX Method

FM: Double Super Heterodyne Method
1st IF: Main band 51.65 MHz
Sub band 50.75 MHz
2nd IF: 450 kHz

2. Front End

2-1. 216 ~ 249.995MHz (MAIN)

The receiving signal is passed through the band-pass filter (C378, C405, C406, C406, C407, C415, C530, L223, L231, L259), and amplified in RF fast amplifier (Q234).

The amplified signal is led to band pass filter (C396, C397, C399, C404, C411, C412, L255, L256), and then input to the mixer IC204

2-2. 902 ~ 927.995MHz (MAIN)

The receiving signal is passed through the band-pass filter (C497, C498, C499, L254, L283, L284), and amplified in RF fast amplifier (Q250).

The amplified signal is led to band pass filter (C486, C488, L293, FL202) and amplified in RF second amplifier (Q258).

The amplified signal is led to high pass filter (C524, C525, L292), and then input to the mixer IC204

2-3. 216 ~ 249.995MHz (SUB)

The receiving signal is passed through the band-pass filter (C378, C405, C406, C406, C407, C415, C530, L223, L231, L259), and amplified in RF amplifier (Q234).

The amplified signal is led to band pass filter (C418, C419, C420, C421, C429, C430, C432, C433, C434, C435, C436, L261, L262, L264, L265), then input to the mixer IC206

2-4. 902 ~ 927.995MHz (SUB)

The receiving signal is passed through the band-pass filter (C497, C498, C499, L254, L283, L284), and amplified in RF amplifier (Q250).

The amplified signal is led to band pass filter (C508, C510, C258, L288, FL205) and amplified in RF second amplifier (Q256).

The amplified signal is led to high pass filter (C511, C512, L290), and then input to the mixer IC206

3. ATT

This circuit is used in case the receiving signal is disturbed by interfering signal, attenuating the receiving signal to reduce the interference. CPU (IC3) pin 30, 31 and 32 outputs a DC voltage to drive IC14, then ATTV on MAIN unit controlling D207 and D242. The serial resistor with diodes adjusted the attenuation value.

4 Mixer

4-1. Main Mixer

The input signal to the mixer IC204 and the 1st local signal are added or, then it is amplified at the 1st IF amplifier Q216 after the adjacent signal subtracted at mixer IC204, and the crystal filter XF201 selects the signal of 51.65MHz is eliminated.

4-2. Sub Mixer

The input signal to the mixer IC206 and the 1st local signal are added or, then it is amplified at the 1st IF amplifier Q225 after the adjacent signal subtracted at mixer IC206, and the crystal filter XF202 selects the signal of 50.75MHz is eliminated.

5. IF

5-1. Main IF

The signal amplified at the 1st IF amplifier Q216 is supplied to pin 16 of IC205 for demodulation. Also the signal of 12.8MHz pass through Q213 and Q214 and 51.2MHz (12.8MHz X 4) led to pin 1 of IC205.

2 input signals on pin 16 and 1, are mixed in the mixer circuit inside IC205 and converted into the 2nd IF signal of 450kHz. The converted 2nd IF signal is output from pin 3 of IC205.

The output signal from pin 3 of IC205 is led to pin 5 of IC205 after eliminating the adjacent channel signal at the ceramic filter FL201. The input 2nd IF signal to pin 5 of IC205 is demodulated at the limiter amplifier and quartered detector circuits inside of IC205, then output from pin 9 of IC205 as an AF signal.

- 5-2. Sub IF
- The signal amplified at the 1st IF amplifier Q225 is supplied to pin 24 of IC208 for demodulation. Also the signal of 12.8MHz pass through Q213 and Q214 and 51.2MHz (12.8MHz X 4) led to pin 1 of IC208.
- 2 input signals on pin 24 and 1, are mixed in the mixer circuit inside IC208 and converted into the 2nd IF signal of 450kHz. The converted 2nd IF signal is output from pin 3 of IC208.
- The output signal from pin 3 of IC208 is led to pin 7 of IC208 after eliminating the adjacent channel signal at the ceramic filter FL204. The input 2nd IF signal to pin 7 of IC208 is demodulated at the limiter amplifier and quartered detector circuits inside of IC208, then output from pin 12 of IC205 as an AF signal
6. Squelch
- 6-1. Main Squelch
- The AF signal got from pin 9 of IC205 is fed to pin 8 of IC205. The input signal is output from pin 14 of IC205 passing through the noise filter amplifier and rectifier circuits inside of IC205. The rectified signal (MSQL) is added to the A/D(Pin109) port of the microcomputer IC3. Judging the signal, the microcomputer controls ON/OFF of the audio output.
- 6-2. Sub Squelch
- The AF signal got from pin 12 of IC208 is fed to pin 19 of IC208. The input signal is output from pin 21 of IC208 passing through the noise filter amplifier and rectifier circuits inside of IC208. The rectified signal (SSQL) is added to the A/D(Pin108) port of the microcomputer IC3. Judging the signal, the microcomputer controls ON/OFF of the audio output.
7. Audio
- The all AF signal are attracted to the IC10 on the CPU unit.
- The volume of output audio signal is adjusted at the volume IC10 and the AF amplifier Q7. And then the signal is input to pin 2 of audio power amplifier IC5 to output pass through the audio SW Q12 from pin 6 to drive a speaker, etc.
8. VCO
- 8-1. Main VCO
- The Main VCO on oscillating frequency buffer amplifier Q602, oscillated signal is supplied to pin 4 of PLL-IC202 passing through the buffer amplifier Q201.
- The VCO in 222 band consists of the Colpitts oscillator. D604, D605, D606 and L602 determine the oscillating frequency, and the signal is oscillated at the transistor Q603.
- The VCO in 902 band consists of the Colpitts oscillator. D601, D607, D605, D609 and L603 determine the oscillating frequency, and the signal is oscillated at the transistor Q604.
- 8-2. Sub VCO
- The Sub VCO on oscillating frequency buffer amplifier Q702, oscillated signal is supplied to pin 13 of PLL-IC202.
- The VCO in 222 band consists of the Colpitts oscillator. D704, D706, and L703 determine the oscillating frequency, and the signal is oscillated at the transistor Q704.
- The VCO in 902 band consists of the Colpitts oscillator. D707, D709 and L705 determine the oscillating frequency, and the signal is oscillated at the transistor Q706.
9. PLL
- PLL-IC202 is used to control the oscillating frequency of the VCO.
- IC202 is controlled by the serial control signal (DATA, CLK, STB1) sent from the microprocessor IC3. The 12.8MHz reference frequency of IC202, supplied from crystal oscillates X201.
- IC202 compares the frequency gained by dividing the signal added to pin 16 of IC3 by the control signal from IC3 with the frequency gained by dividing the reference frequency 12.8MHz.
- When the phase difference is found as a result of phase comparison, the pulse signal is output from the charge pump output of pin 8(Main band) and pin 9(Sub band) of IC202, then the signal is converted into the DC voltage at the passive filter and added to the cathode side of the VCO vari-cap D601, D604, D605, D606, D607, D608, D609, D704, D706, D707, D706 and D709 to make the phases equal. In result the stabilized oscillation can be done at the desired frequency.

2) Transmission

1. Microphone Amplifier

The audio signal is converted to a mute switch (Q20) and microphone gain (Q24) Electric signal in either the internal or external microphone pass through and two operational amplifiers, then supplied to IC10.

The voice is converted into the electric signal through the microphone, and then supplied to IC10.

The input signal is amplified and pre-emphasized to be output.

The signal output from microphone amplifier is adjusted the maximum frequency deviation at IC10. The adjusted signal is added to the cathode of the VCO vari-cap D605 and D608 for deviation to change the capacity of the oscillation circuit resulting the FM deviation.

2. Power Amplifier

The VCO in 222 band oscillated signal of the VCO is supplied to the power amplifier Q202, passing through buffer amplifier Q602 on VCO unit and then pre-driver amplifier IC201, driver amplifier Q203. The power-amplified signal is supplied to the antenna through the duplexer after the harmonics are attenuated enough.

The VCO in 902 band oscillated signal of the VCO is supplied to the power amplifier Q210, passing through buffer amplifier Q602 on VCO unit then pre-driver amplifier IC201, driver amplifier Q212. The power-amplified signal is supplied to the antenna through the duplexer after the harmonics are attenuated enough.

3) CPU Peripheral

1.Lamp

The CPU pin 117, 118 and 119 outputs a DC current to drive IC6, controls.

The brightness of the lamp can be adjusted by five stages lamp lights when operating

Lamp (D4, D5, D6, D7, D8, D8, D801, D802) lights when ten keys are operated.

The lamp outputs by five stages and adjusts the DC current with CPU pin 117, 118 and 119 to IC6.

2. Tone/DCS/DTMF Encoder

The CPU pin 7 is equipped with an internal tone/DCS/DTMF encoder.

The tone signal (67.0 to 250.3Hz) is output.

The DCS code (023 to 754) is output.

The DTMF code (1 to D) is output.

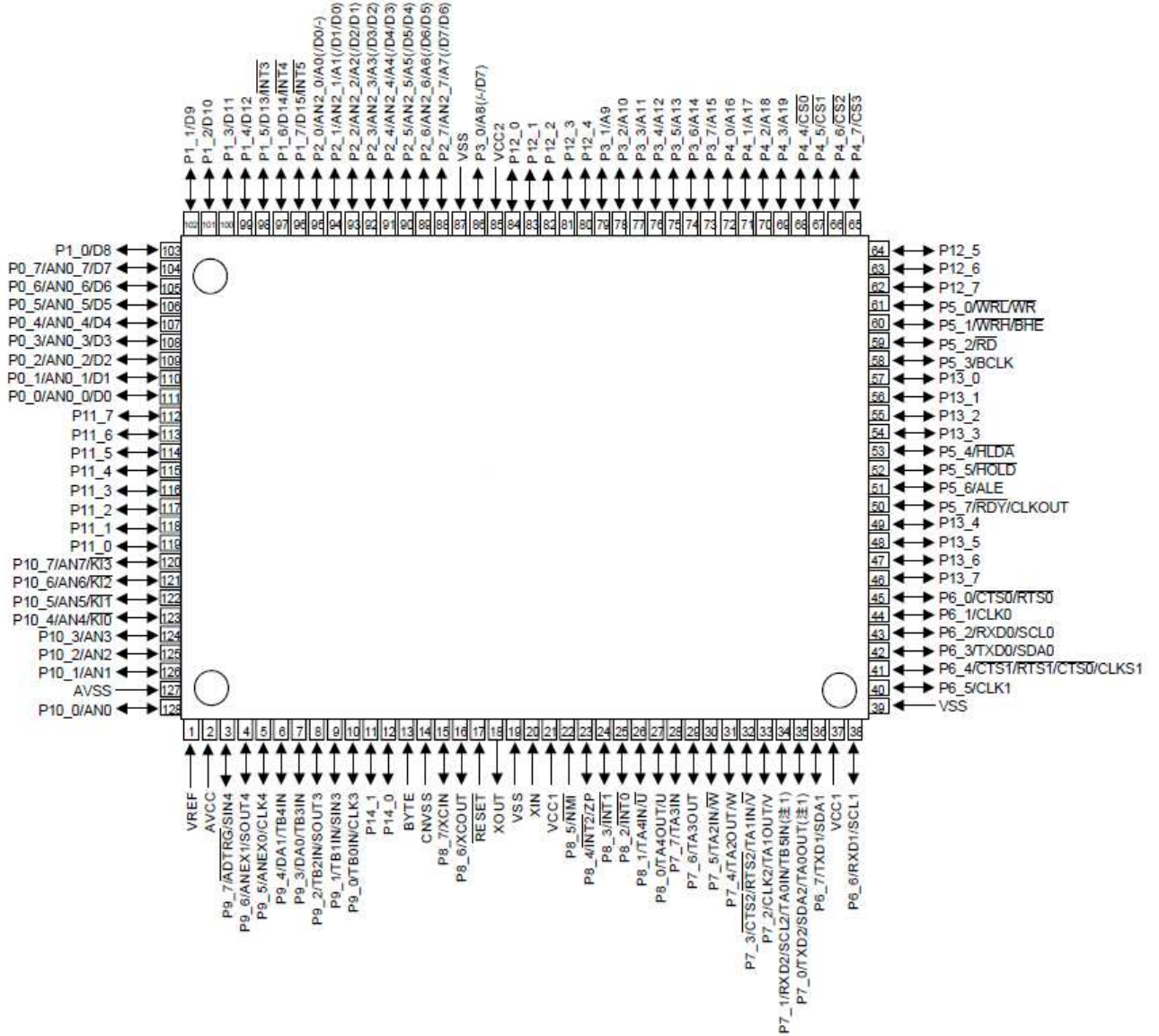
3. Tome/DCS Decoder

The AF signal from the IC205 or IC208 is filtered by an active filter (IC2) signal amplified and input to pin 121 of the CPU

3) CPU

M30625FG (XA1541)

Terminal Connection
(TOP VIEW)

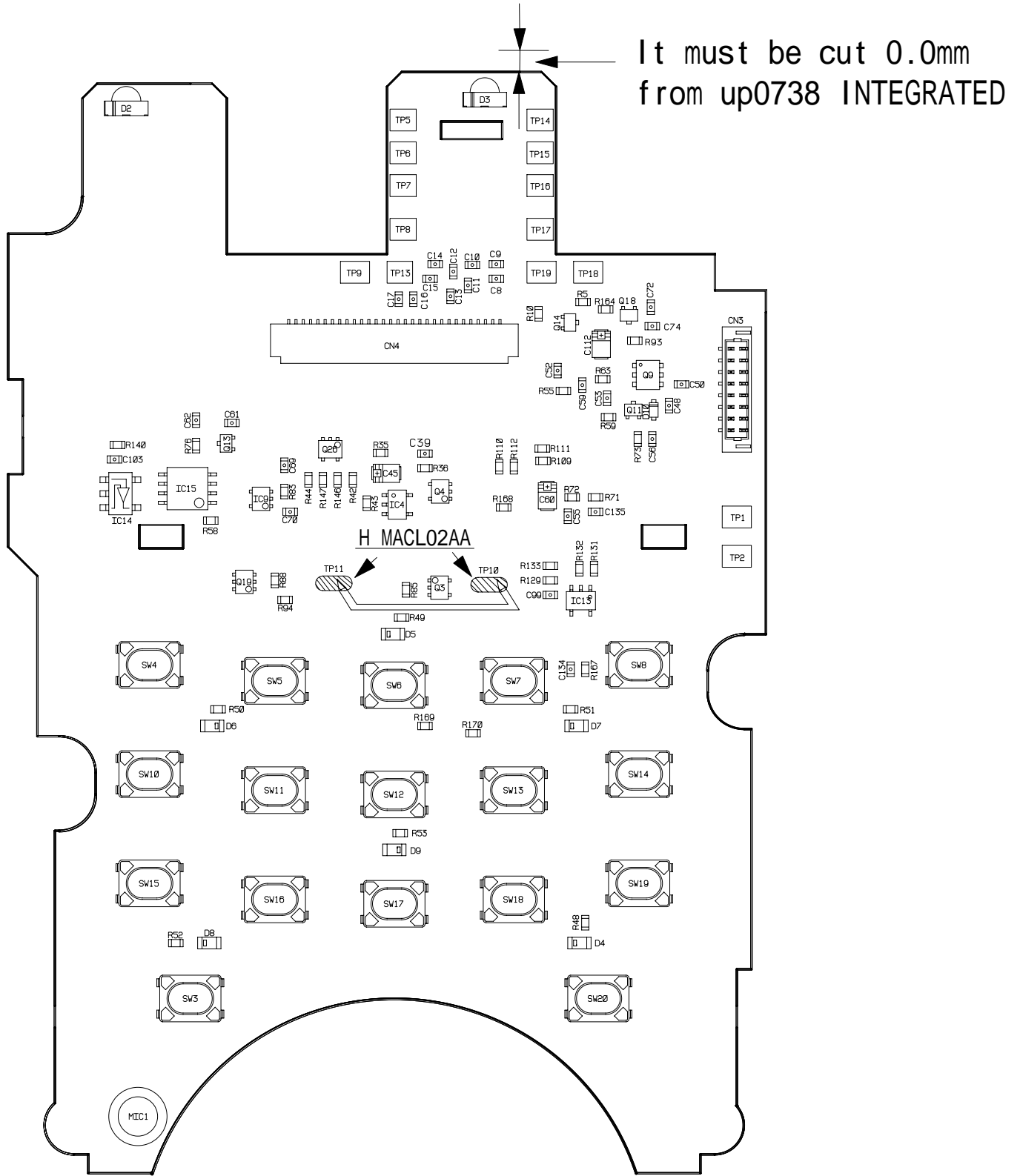


| No. | Terminal | Signal | I/O | Description |
|-----|-----------|--------|-----|-----------------------------|
| 1 | VREF | VDD2 | - | Power supply |
| 2 | AVCC | VDD2 | - | Power supply |
| 3 | P9_7 | DCSW | O | DCS mute SW |
| 4 | P9_6 | MUTE | O | Mute |
| 5 | P9_5 | TDC | O | Tone mute SW |
| 6 | P9_4 | TRKV | O | Front End control |
| 7 | P9_3 | TDD | | Tone/DCS/DTMF output |
| 8 | P9_2 | MSW | I | MONI SW |
| 9 | P9_1 | XBR | O | Cross Band Repeater SW |
| 10 | P9_0 | DTSW | O | Tone/DCS/DTMF SW |
| 11 | P14_1 | SCLK | - | Signal clock for EEPROM |
| 12 | P14_0 | SDATA | - | Signal data for EEPROM |
| 13 | BATE | GND | - | GND |
| 14 | CNVSS | GND | - | GND |
| 15 | P8_7 | TFSK | O | FSK output |
| 16 | P8_6 | X SW | O | Clock shift output |
| 17 | RESET | RST | I | Rest input |
| 18 | XOUT | XOUT | O | Main clock output |
| 19 | VSS | GND | - | GND |
| 20 | XIN | XIN | I | Main clock input |
| 21 | VCC1 | VDD | - | Power supply |
| 22 | P8_5 | VDS | - | Power supply |
| 23 | P8_4 | RFSK | I | FSK input |
| 24 | P8_3 | R1A | I | MAIN RE |
| 25 | P8_2 | R2A | I | MAIN RE |
| 26 | P8_1 | R1B | I | MAIN RE |
| 27 | P8_0 | BEEP | O | BEEP output |
| 28 | P7_7 | R2B | I | MAIN RE |
| 29 | P7_6 | TBST | O | Tone-burst output |
| 30 | P7_5 | ATT1 | O | ATT control output |
| 31 | P7_4 | ATT2 | O | ATT control output |
| 32 | P7_3 | ATT3 | O | ATT control output |
| 33 | P7_2 | PUSH | I | MAIN RE |
| 34 | RSD2/SCL2 | RXD | I | Clone data input |
| 35 | TXD2/SDA2 | TXD | O | Clone data output |
| 36 | P6_7 | MRLC | O | MAIN red Indicator output |
| 37 | VCC1 | VDD | - | Power supply |
| 38 | P6_6 | MTLC | O | MAIN green Indicator output |
| 39 | VSS | GND | - | GND |
| 40 | P6_5 | /CS1 | O | LCD |
| 41 | P6_4 | /RES | O | LCD |
| 42 | P6_3 | A0 | O | LCD |
| 43 | P6_2 | WR | O | LCD |
| 44 | P6_1 | /RD | O | LCD |
| 45 | P6_0 | NC | - | - |
| 46 | P13_7 | D0 | O | LCD |
| 47 | P13_6 | D1 | O | LCD |
| 48 | P13_5 | D2 | O | LCD |
| 49 | P13_4 | D3 | O | LCD |
| 50 | P5_7 | RDCSW | O | DCS/Tone filter shift |

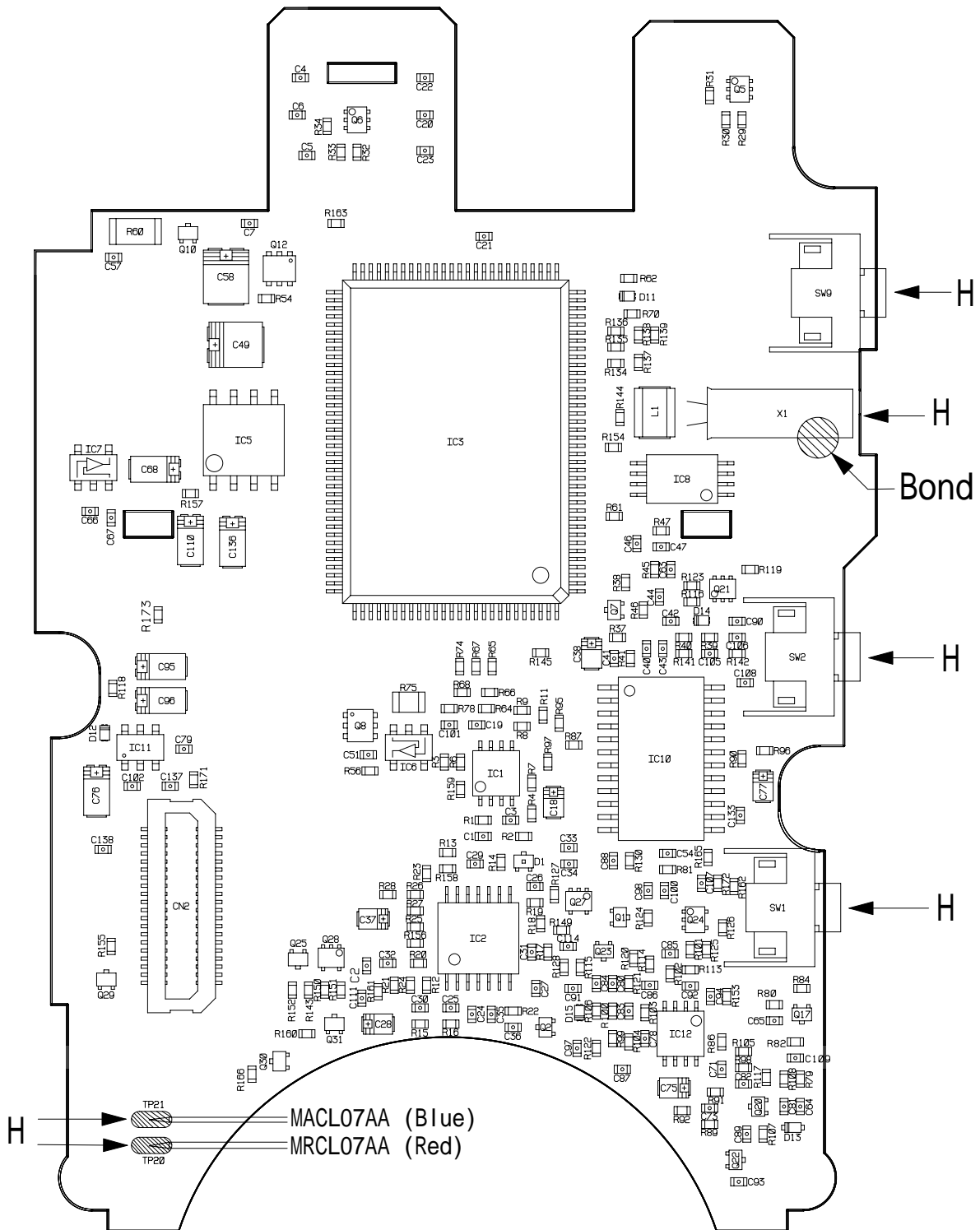
| No. | Terminal | Signal | I/O | Description |
|-----|----------|--------|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 51 | P5_6 | NC | - | - |
| 52 | P5_5 | MTSW | O | DCS/Tone filter SW |
| 53 | P5_4 | STSW | O | DCS/Tone filter SW |
| 54 | P13_3 | D4 | O | LCD |
| 55 | P13_2 | D5 | O | LCD |
| 56 | P13_1 | D6 | O | LCD |
| 57 | P13_0 | D7 | O | LCD |
| 58 | P5_3 | TP | - | TP12 |
| 59 | P5_2 | BPC1 | O | BEEP Volume |
| 60 | P5_1 | BPC2 | O | BEEP Volume |
| 61 | P5_0 | TC1 | O | Tone/DCS/DTMF Volume SW |
| 62 | P12_7 | TC2 | O | Tone/DCS/DTMF Volume SW |
| 63 | P12_6 | SRLC | O | SUB red Indicator output |
| 64 | P12_5 | STLC | O | SUB green Indicator output |
| 65 | P4_7 | EXT | O | Clone data SW |
| 66 | P4_6 | LOPOW | O | TX low power SW |
| 67 | P4_5 | SPC | O | Audio SW |
| 68 | P4_4 | AFPC | O | Audio power SW |
| 69 | P4_3 | PT3 | I | TX Hi/Low input |
| 70 | P4_2 | STB1 | O | PLL (IC202) data output |
| 71 | P4_1 | PT3 | O | PTT SW |
| 72 | P4_0 | PVC | O | PLL power |
| 73 | P3_7 | T3C | O | T3V SW |
| 74 | P3_6 | CHG | O | Battery charge SW |
| 75 | P3_5 | C3C | O | C3V SW |
| 76 | P3_4 | STB2 | O | Parallel driver (IC207) data SW |
| 77 | P3_3 | KI0 | I | Key matrix input |
| 78 | P3_2 | KI1 | I | Key matrix input |
| 79 | P3_1 | KI2 | I | Key matrix input |
| 80 | P12_4 | KI3 | I | Key matrix input |
| 81 | P12_3 | KO0 | O | Key matrix output |
| 82 | P12_2 | KO1 | O | Key matrix output |
| 83 | P12_1 | KO2 | O | Key matrix output |
| 84 | P12_0 | KO3 | O | Key matrix output |
| 85 | VCC2 | VDD2 | - | Power supply |
| 86 | P3_0 | FSKC | O | FSK SW |
| 87 | VSS | GND | - | GND |
| 88 | P2_7 | VOXC | O | Microphone amplifier (IC12) power |
| 89 | P2_6 | STB3 | O | D/A IC (IC10) data input |
| 90 | P2_5 | CLK | O | Data clock output |
| 91 | P2_4 | DATA | O | DATA output |
| 92 | P2_3 | TVC | O | 222MHz band TX SW |
| 93 | P2_2 | PS1 | O | PLL SW of MAIN VCO |
| 94 | P2_1 | PUSHH | I | SUB RE |
| 95 | P2_0 | R2BB | I | SUB RE |
| 96 | P1_7 | B2AA | I | SUB RE |
| 97 | P1_6 | JDET | I | Ext power detection |
| 98 | P1_5 | R1AA | I | SUB RE |
| 99 | P1_4 | T12C | O | 1200MHz band TX SW |
| 100 | P1_3 | MVCC | O | Main VCO buffer SW |

| No. | Terminal | Signal | I/O | Description |
|-----|----------|--------|-----|----------------------------|
| 101 | P1_2 | M12C | O | Main VCO 902MHz band power |
| 102 | P1_1 | MUC | O | Main VCO 222MHz band power |
| 103 | P1_0 | BP1 | I | Band pram detection |
| 104 | P0_7 | SUC | O | SUB VCO 902MHz band power |
| 105 | P0_6 | SVC | O | SUB VOC 222MHz band power |
| 106 | P0_5 | R1BB | I | SUB RE |
| 107 | P0_4 | DET | I | Battery voltage detection |
| 108 | P0_3 | SSQL | I | SUB Squelch input |
| 109 | P0_2 | MSQL | I | Main Squelch input |
| 110 | P0_1 | MSMT | I | Main S-meter input |
| 111 | P0_0 | SSMT | I | Sub S-meter input |
| 112 | P11_7 | D/TC | O | DCS/Tone filter power |
| 113 | P11_6 | JRC | O | BUG sound mode power |
| 114 | P11_5 | SVCC | O | Sub VCO buffer SW |
| 115 | P11_4 | MG1C | O | Mike gain SW1 |
| 116 | P11_3 | MG2C | O | Mike gain SW2 |
| 117 | P11_2 | LED3 | O | Lamp SW1 |
| 118 | P11_1 | LED2 | O | Lamp SW2 |
| 119 | P11_0 | LED1 | O | Lamp SW3 |
| 120 | P10_7 | JRIN | I | BUG sound mode input |
| 121 | P10_6 | TIN | I | DCS/Tone input |
| 122 | P10_5 | VXDET | I | VOX voltage detection |
| 123 | P10_4 | POSW | I | Power SW |
| 124 | P10_3 | APTT | O | Mike SW |
| 125 | P10_2 | FSW | I | FUNC SW |
| 126 | P10_1 | BCHK | I | Power voltage detection |
| 127 | AVSS | GND | - | GND |
| 128 | P10_0 | PCNT | O | Power voltage detection SW |

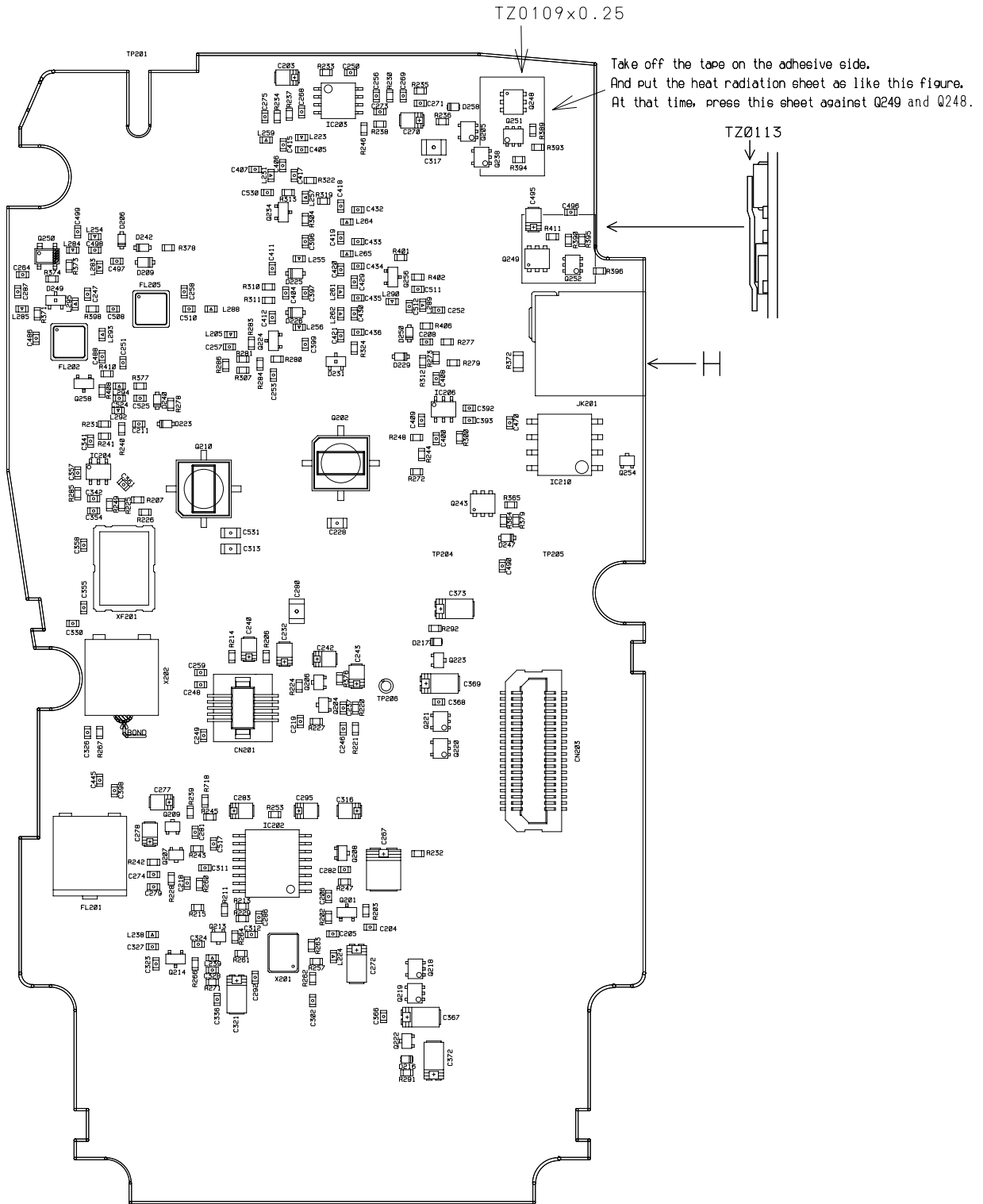
CPU Unit Side A



CPU Unit Side B

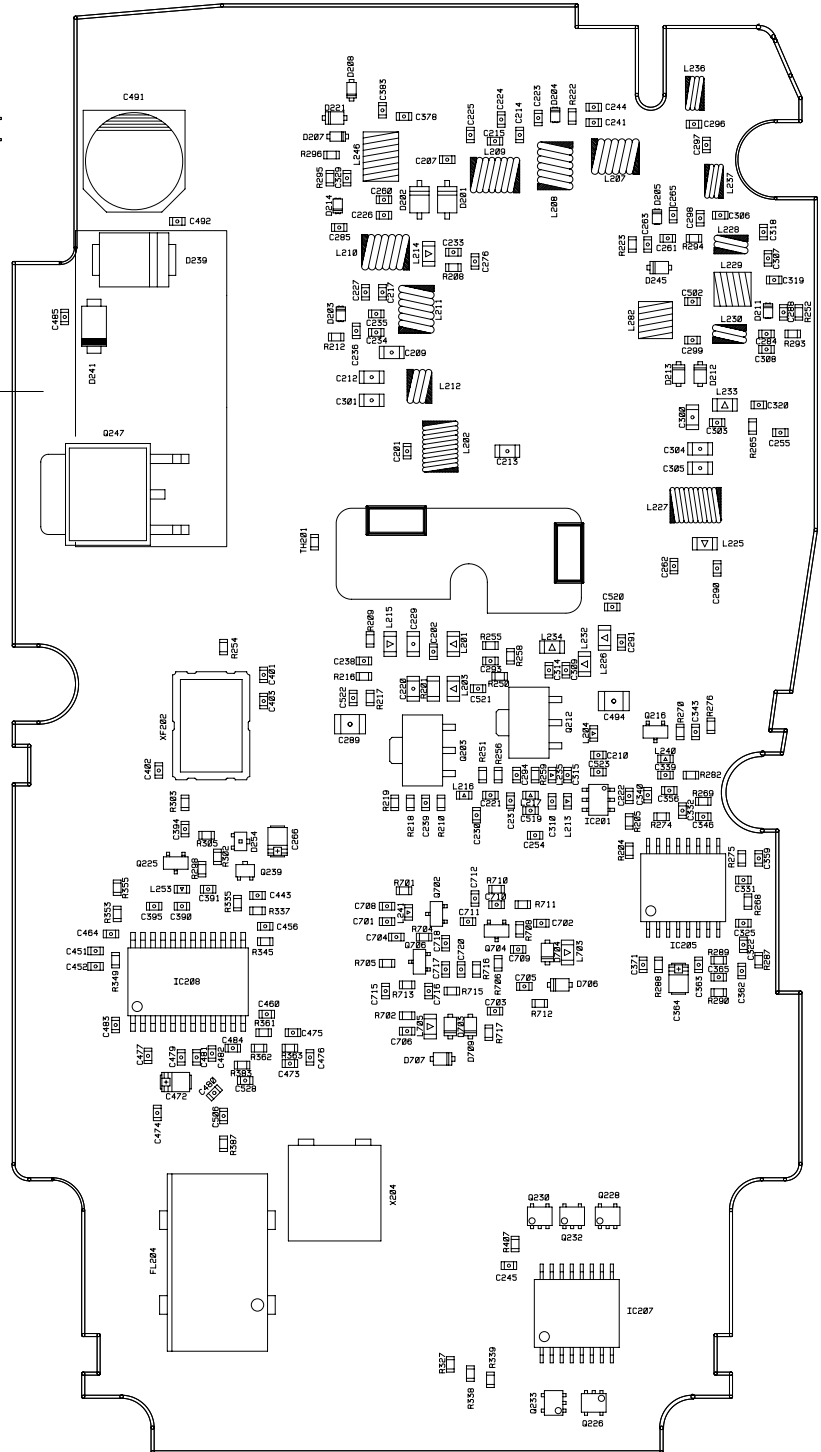
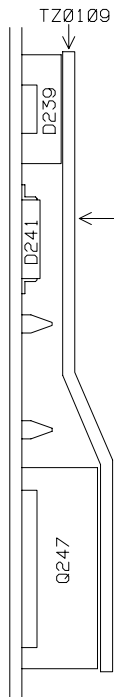


MAIN Unit Side A

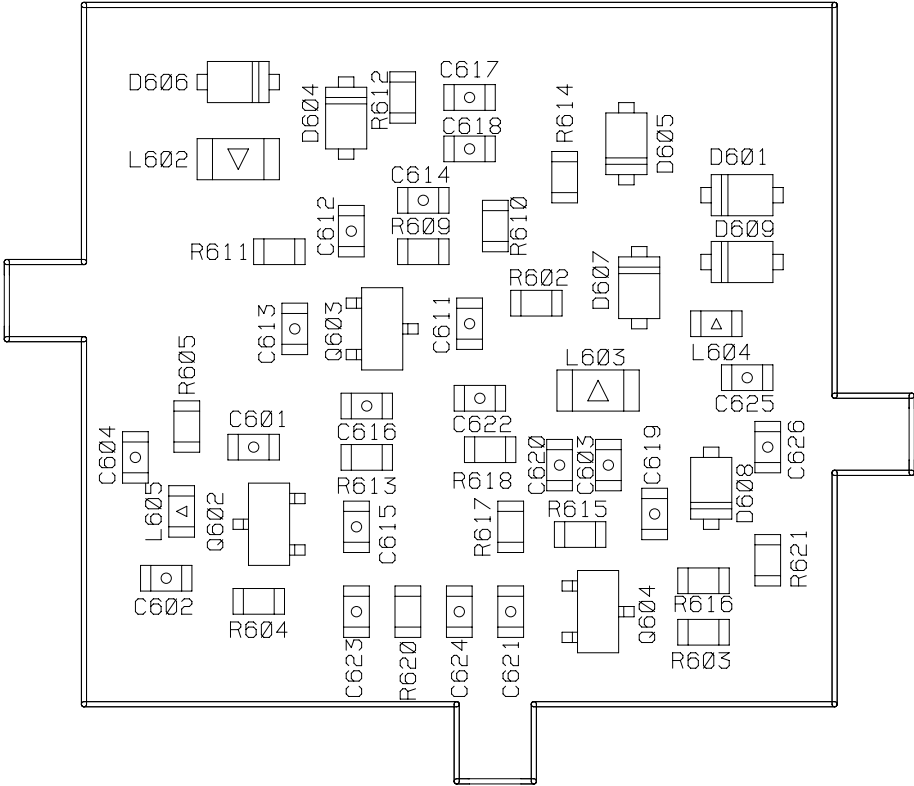


MAIN Unit Side B

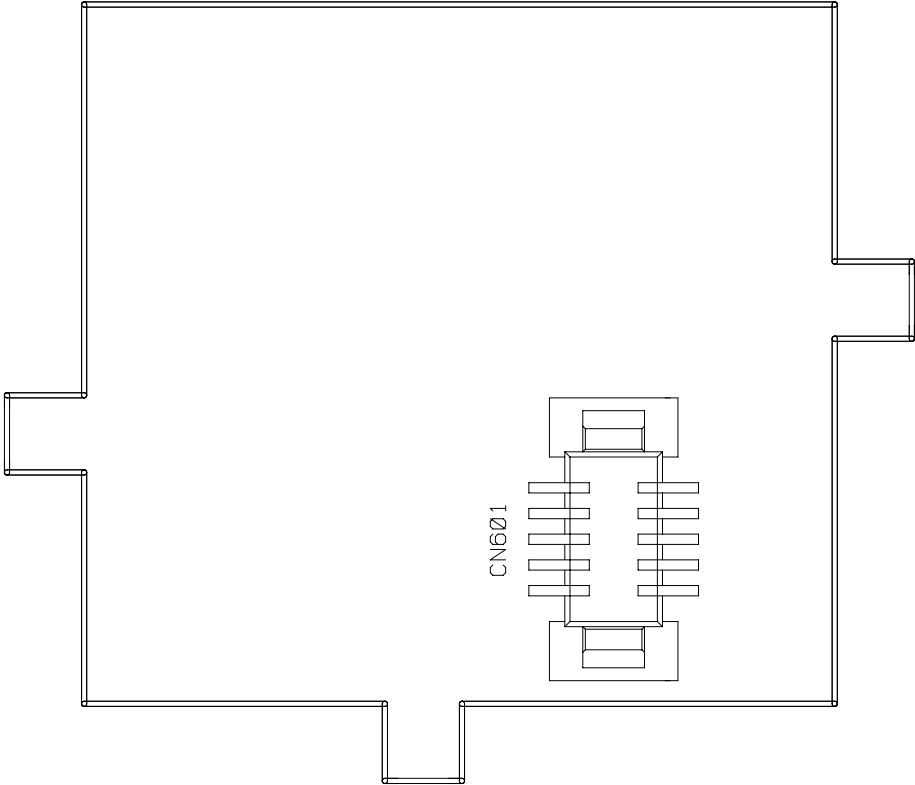
Take off the tape on the adhesive side.
And put the heat radiation sheet as like this figure.
At that time, press this sheet against D239 and Q247.

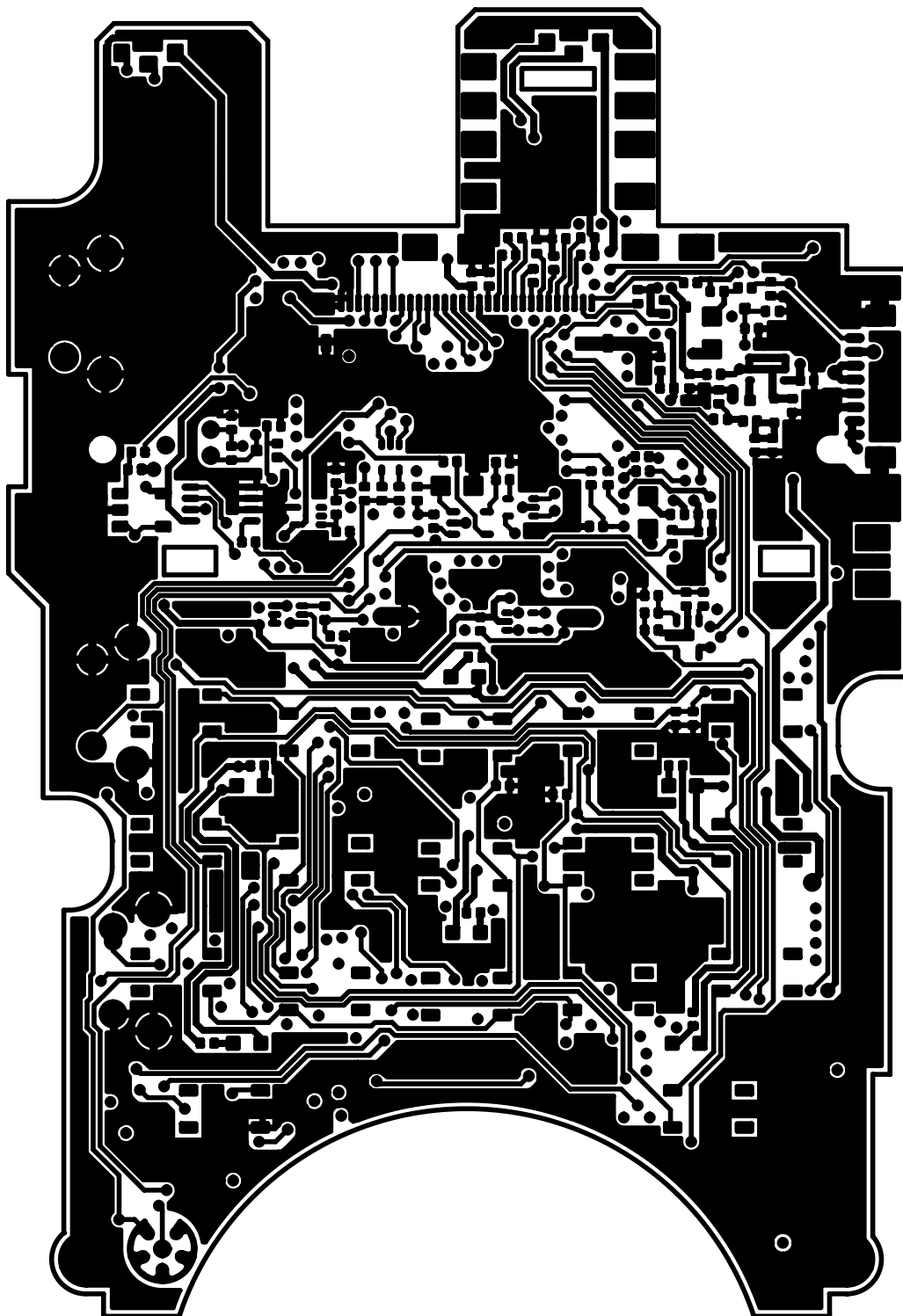


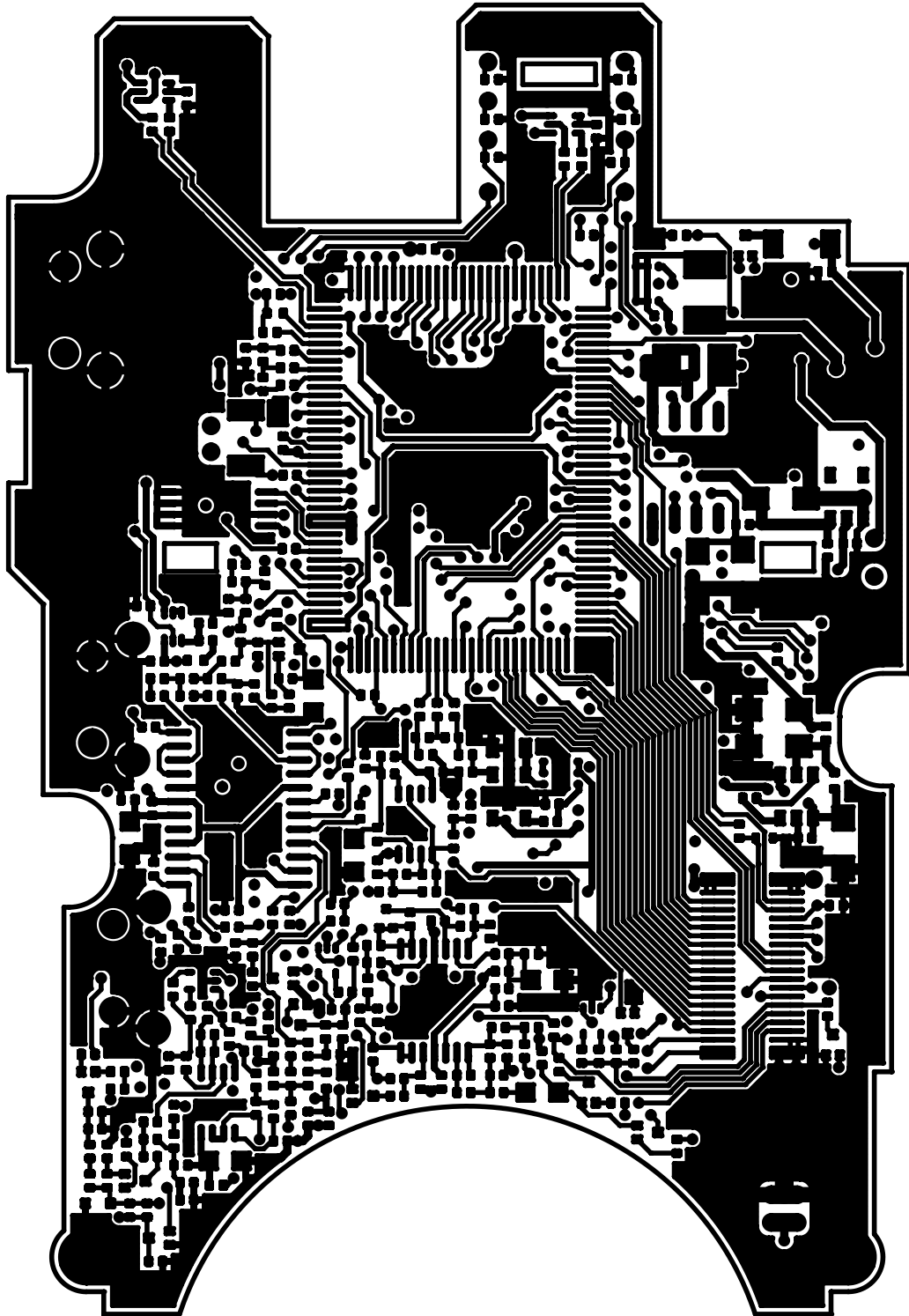
VCO Unit Side A

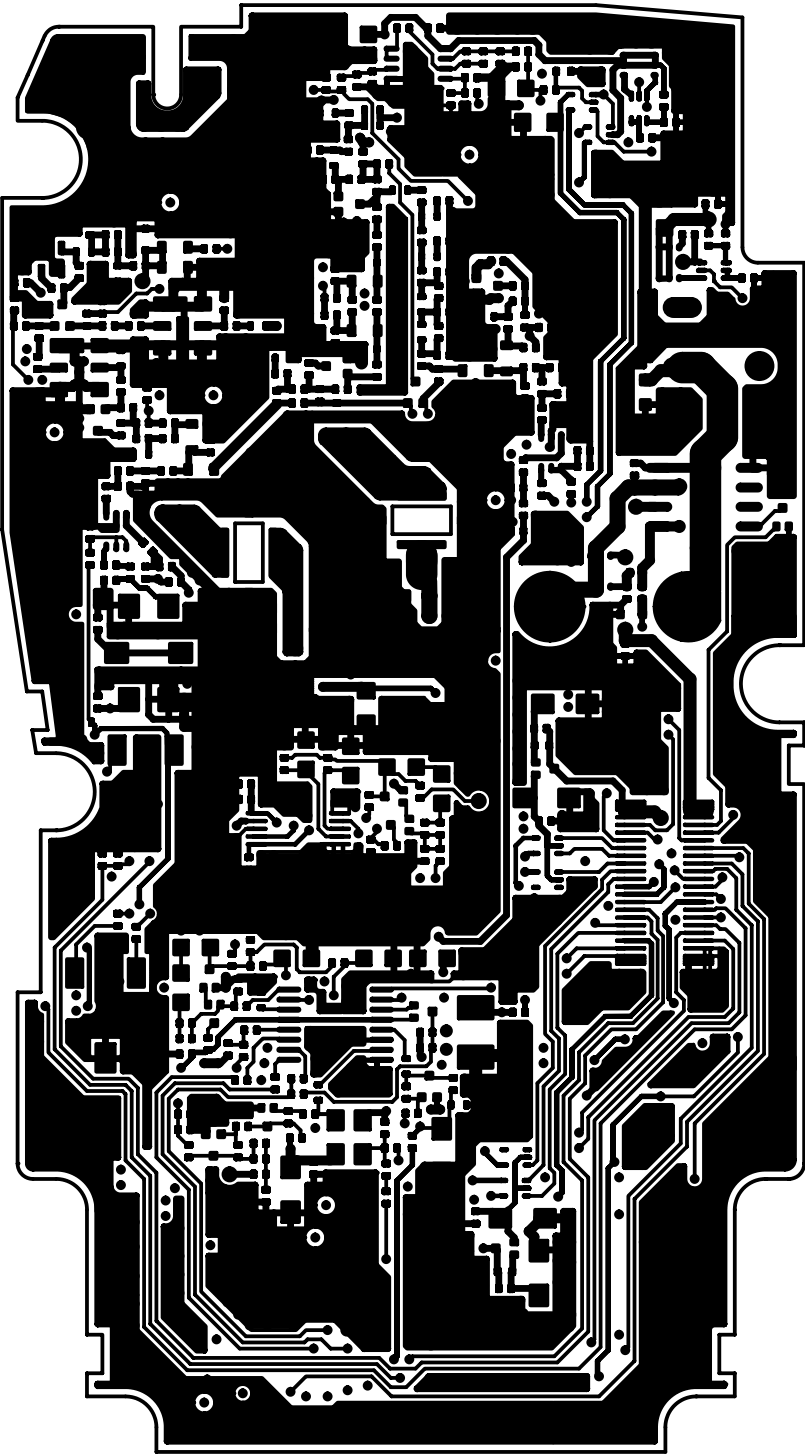


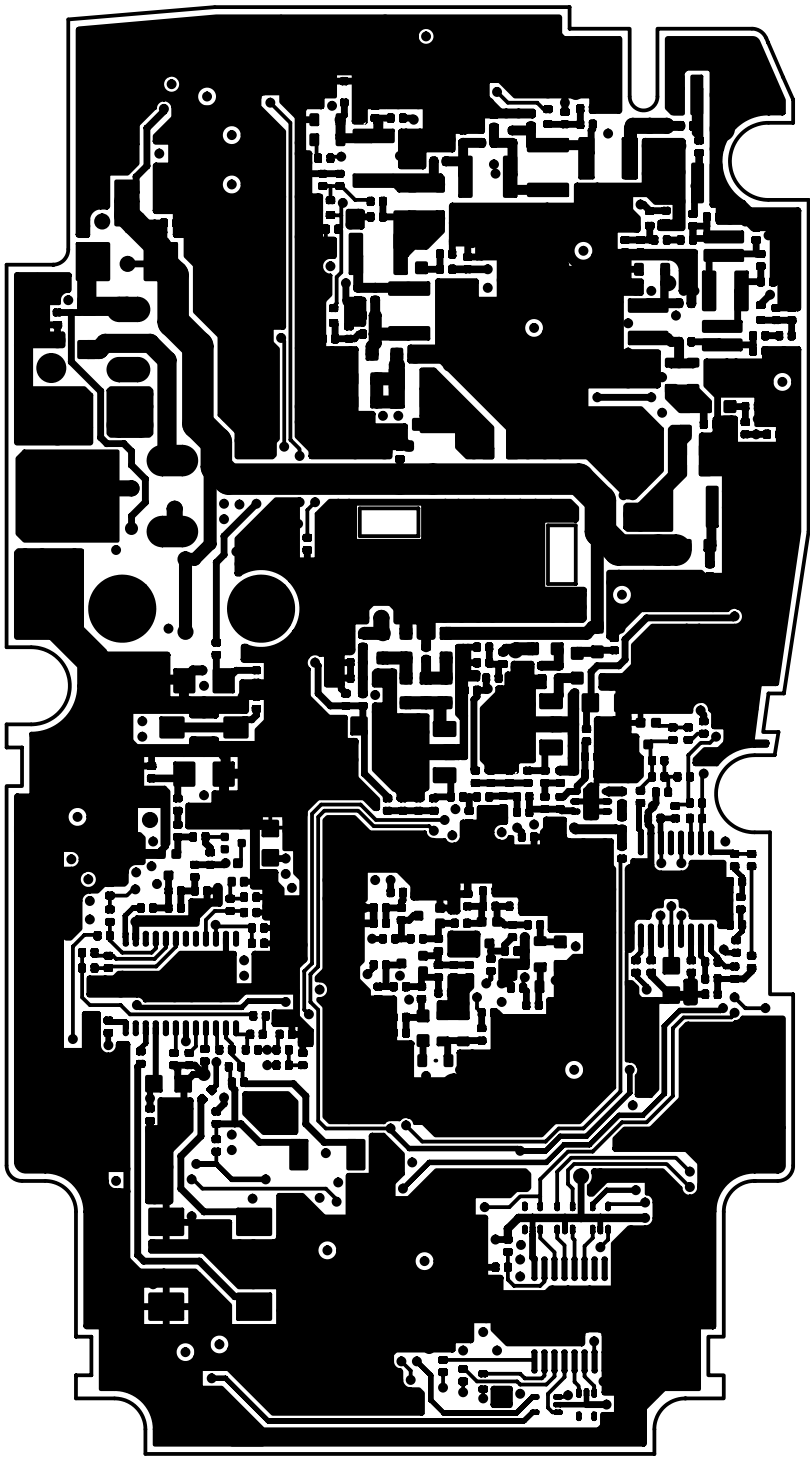
VCO Unit Side B

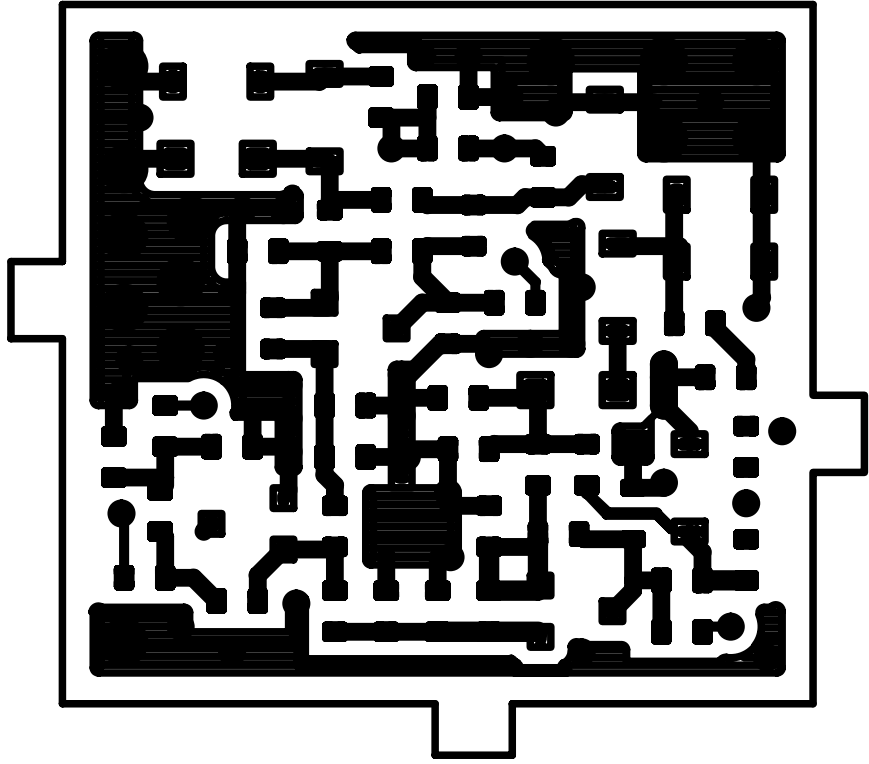


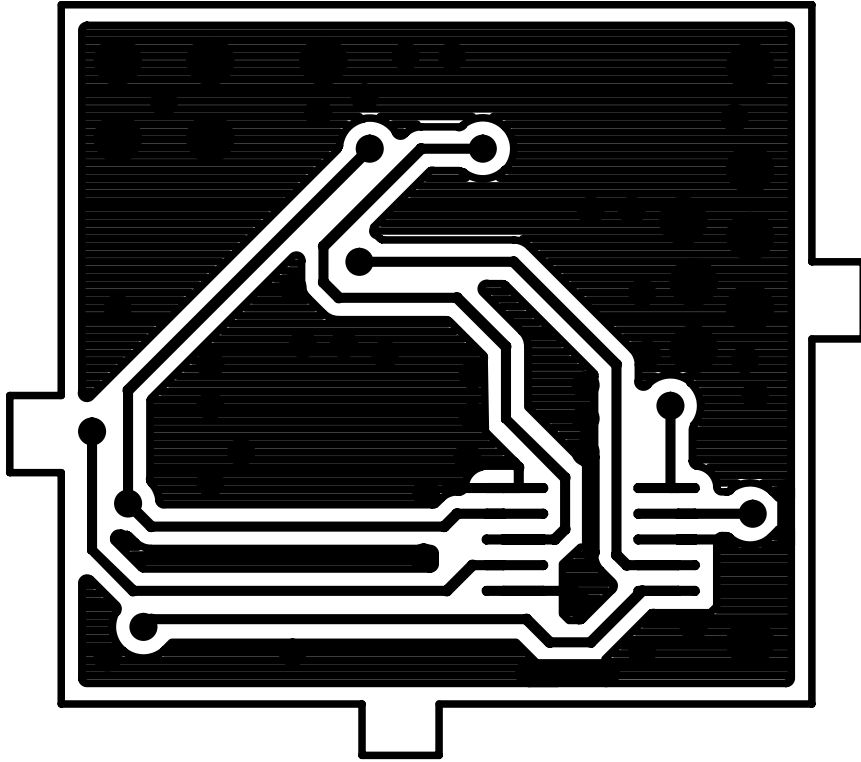


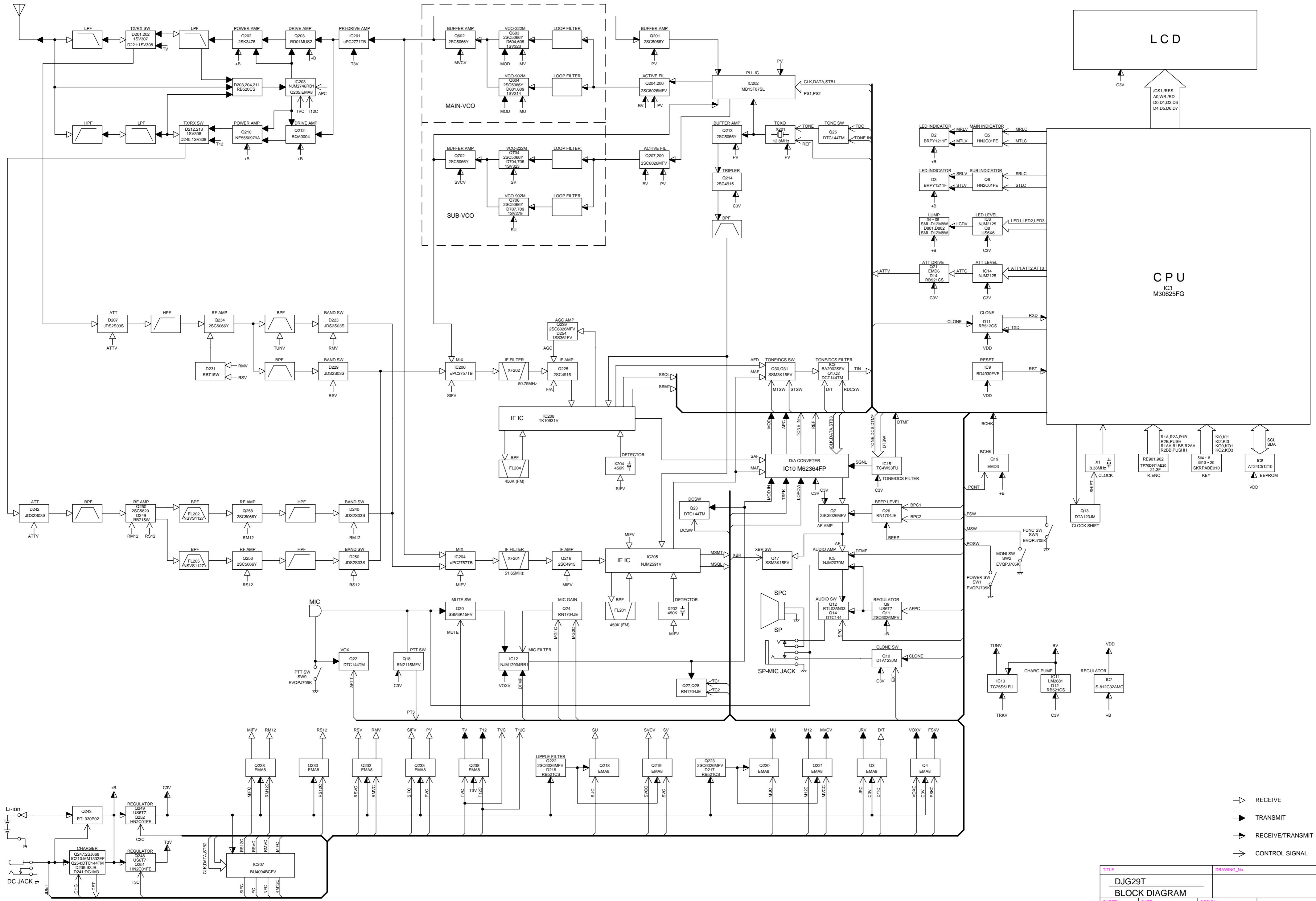




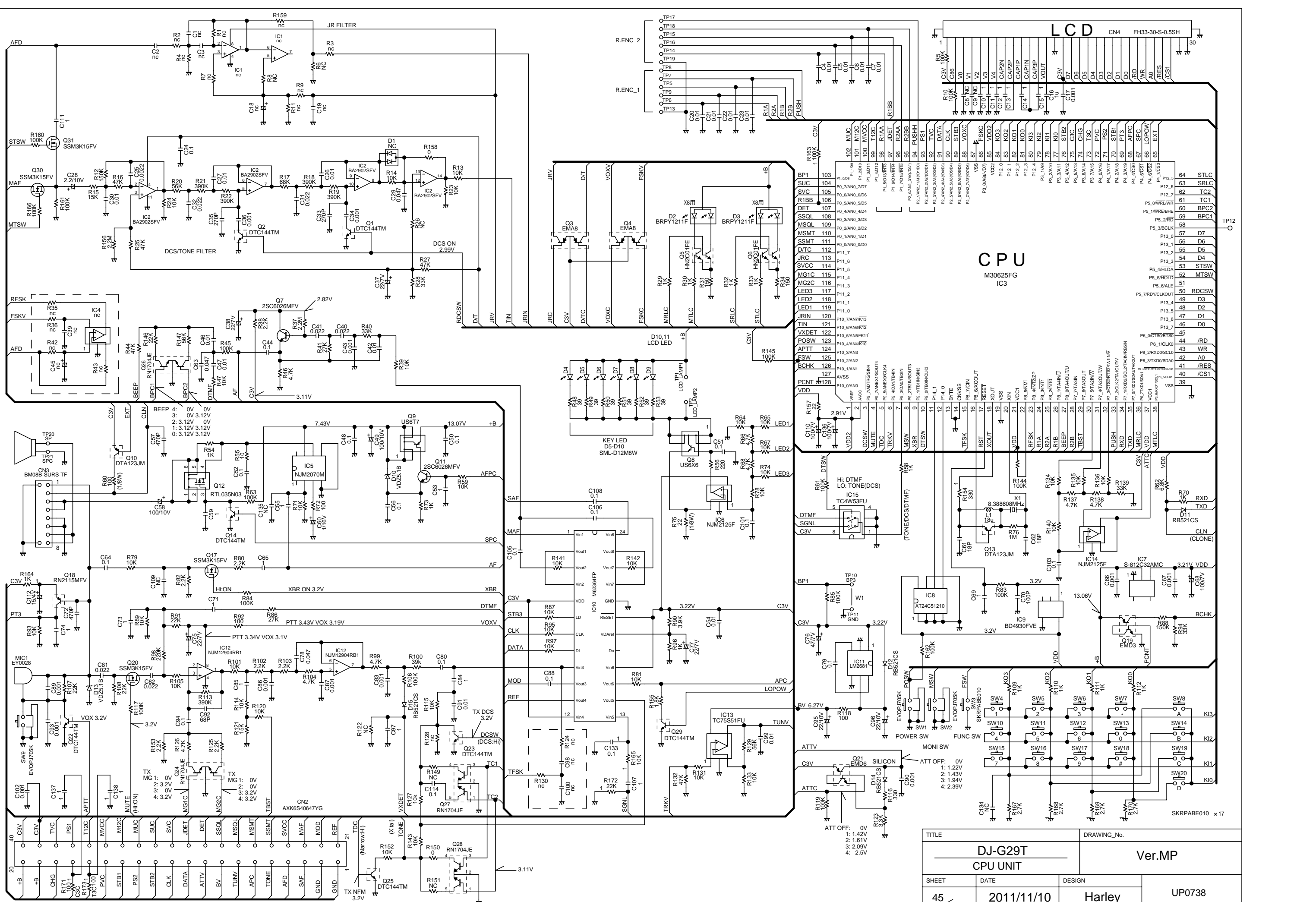








| | | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------|--|
| TITLE | | DRAWING No. | |
| DJG29T | | | |
| BLOCK DIAGRAM | | | |
| SHEET | DATE | DESIGN | |
| 1 | 2011.12.16 | | |

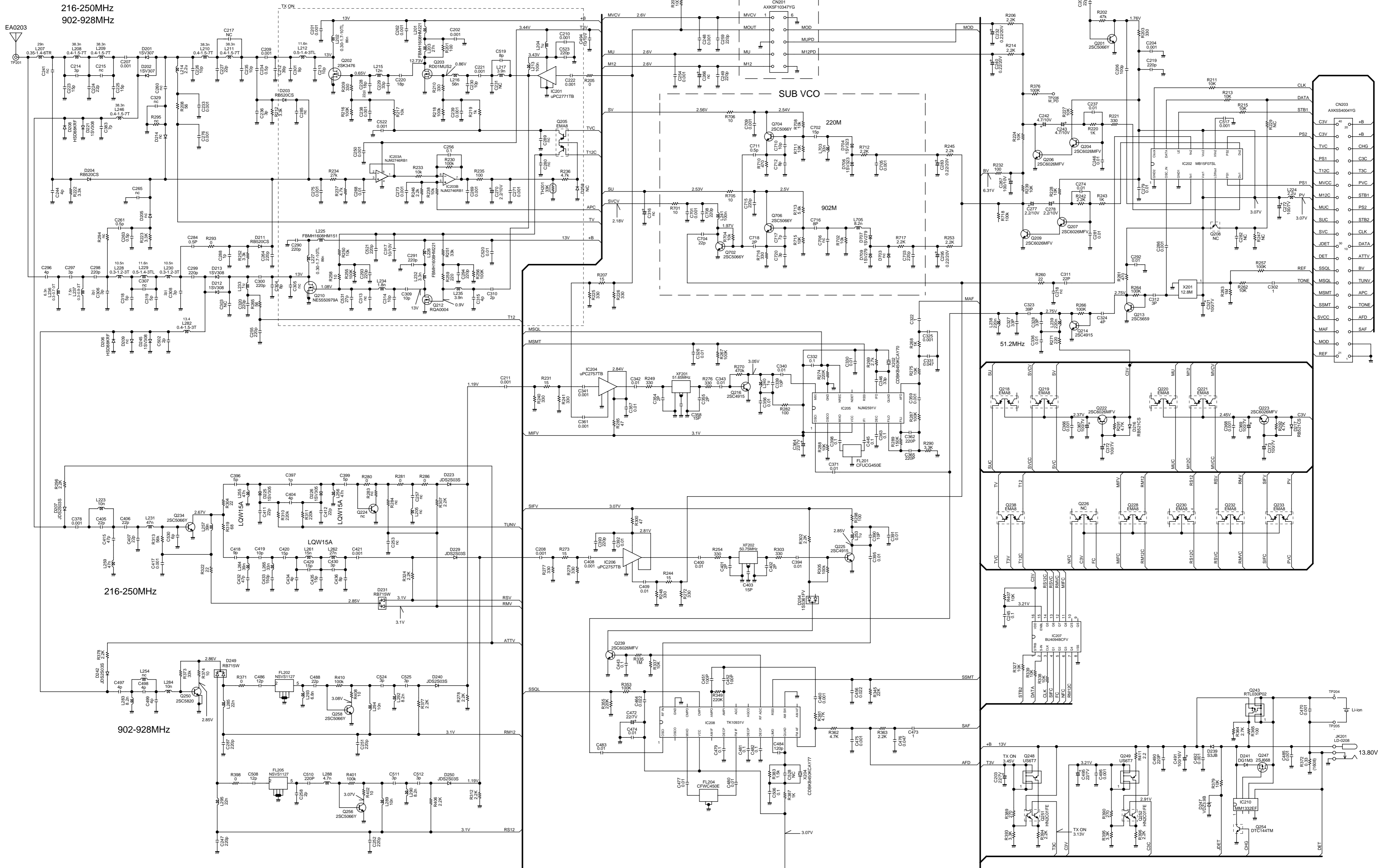


| | | | |
|----------|------------|-------------|--------|
| TITLE | | DRAWING No. | |
| DJ-G29T | | Ver.MP | |
| CPU UNIT | | | |
| SHEET | DATE | DESIGN | |
| 45 | 2011/11/10 | Harley | UP0738 |

ATT OFF:

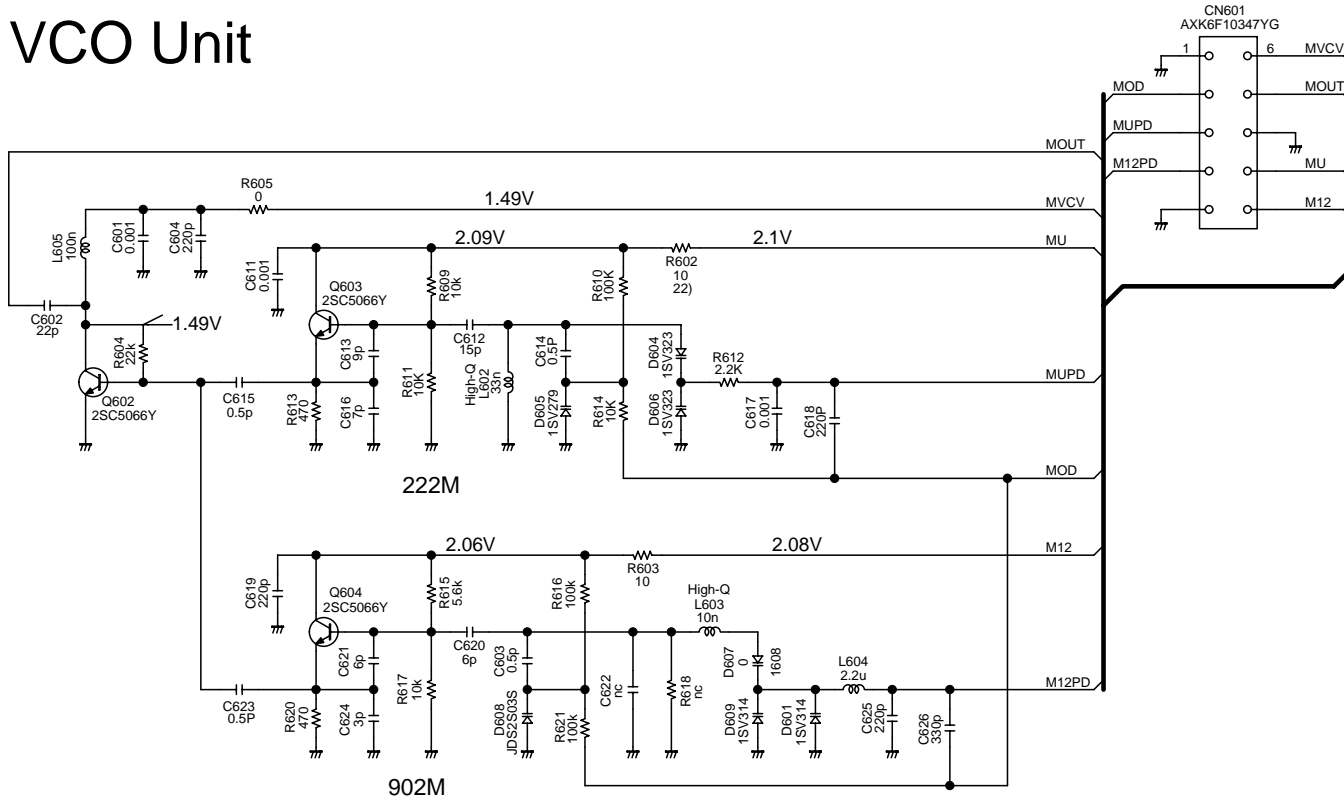
- 1: 1.42V
- 2: 1.51V
- 3: 2.09V
- 4: 2.5V

SKRPABE010 x17



| | | | |
|-------|--|-------------|--|
| TITLE | | DRAWING No. | |
| SHEET | | DESIGN | |
| DATE | | | |

VCO Unit



| | | | |
|-------|------|-------------|--|
| TITLE | | DRAWING_No. | |
| | | | |
| SHEET | DATE | DESIGN | |
| | | | |

Adjustment Specification

JOB

PAGE

機種

DJ-G29T

[Standard condition] DC IN: 13.80V ± 0.02V

Change to adjustment mode.

Press key 3 1 2 3 2 1 after key lock.

(Key lock: Press **FUNC** key for 2sec.)

Operation

RE1: Frequency / Push: Squelch

RE2: Volume

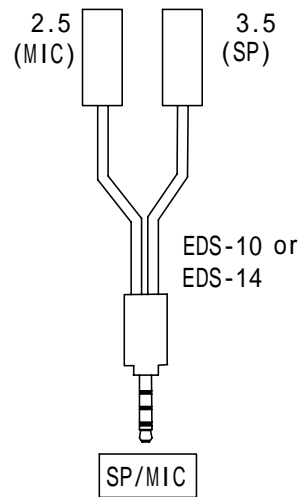
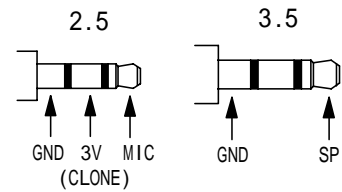
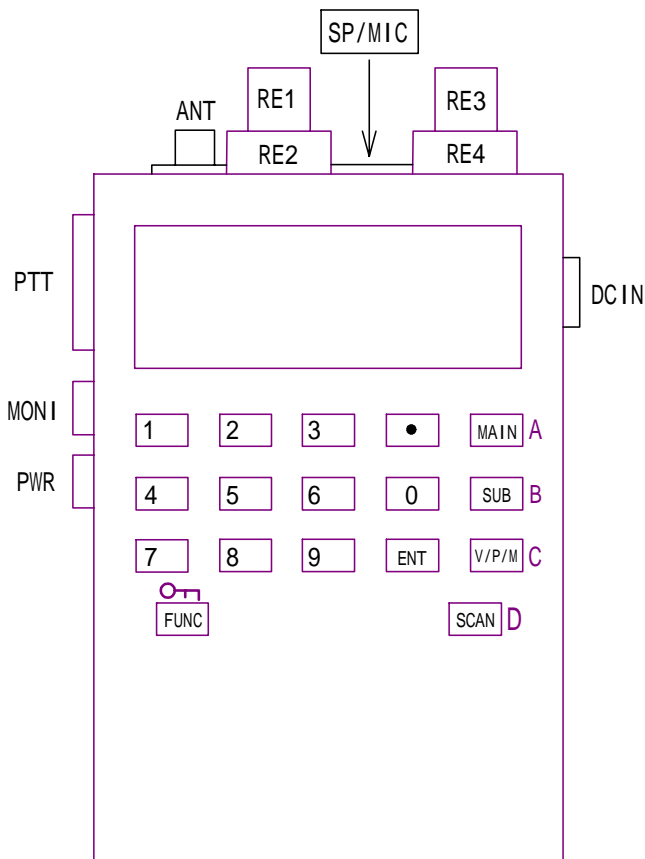
RE3: Adjust

RE4: Adjust (5 Step)

A: Forward

B: Return

D: Set



| | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----|---------|------|
| TX Adjustment Specification | JOB | | PAGE |
| | 機種 | DJ-G29T | |

Standard Measuring Condition MOD Frequency: 1KHz

| No. | Item | Freq.(MHz) | ADJ. | Adjustment SPEC. | Note | Operation |
|-----|----------------|------------|------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 01 | Ref. Frequency | 915.15 | RE3 | $\pm 200\text{Hz}$ | | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 02 | Hi-Power | 216.5 | RE3 | $5.0 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 02 | Hi-Power | 223.55 | RE3 | $5.1 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 02 | Hi-Power | 249.5 | RE3 | $5.0 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 03 | Mid-Power | 223.55 | RE3 | $1.0 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 04 | Low-Power | 223.55 | RE3 | $0.4 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 06 | Hi-Power | 902.5 | RE3 | $2.5 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 07 | Hi-Power | 915.15 | RE3 | $2.5 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 08 | Hi-Power | 927.5 | RE3 | $2.5 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | Check if the current is less than 1.6A. | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 09 | Mid-Power | 915.15 | RE3 | $1.0 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 10 | Low-Power | 915.15 | RE3 | $0.4 \pm 0.1\text{W}$ | | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 11 | MIC Dev (FM) | 223.55 | RE3 | $4.5 \pm 0.1\text{KHz}$ | AG output level: 1KHz -30dBm BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 12 | MIC Dev (NFM) | 223.55 | RE3 | $2.2 \pm 0.1\text{KHz}$ | AG output level: 1KHz -30dBm BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 13 | MIC Dev (FM) | 915.15 | RE3 | $4.5 \pm 0.1\text{KHz}$ | AG output level: 1KHz -30dBm BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |
| 14 | MIC Dev (NFM) | 915.15 | RE3 | $2.2 \pm 0.1\text{KHz}$ | AG output level: 1KHz -30dBm BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="button" value="D"/> key |

| TX Adjustment Specification | | | | | JOB | PAGE |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 機種 | DJ-G29T |
| No. | Item | Freq.(MHz) | ADJ. | Adjustment SPEC. | Note | Operation |
| 15 | TONE Dev (88.5Hz) | 223.55 | RE3 | 0.8 ± 0.2KHz | BPF:OFF-3KHz | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 16 | DCS Dev (023) | 223.55 | RE3 | 0.85 ± 0.35KH (0.5 ~ 1.2KHz) | BPF:OFF-3KHz | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 17 | DTMF Dev | 223.55 | RE3 | 3.0 ± 0.6KHz | BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 18 | TBST Dev | 223.55 | RE3 | 3.0 ± 0.6KHz | BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 19 | TONE Dev (88.5Hz) | 915.15 | RE3 | 1.0 ± 0.2KHz | BPF:OFF-3KHz | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 20 | DCS Dev (023) | 915.15 | RE3 | 0.85 ± 0.35KH | BPF:OFF-3KHz | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 21 | DTMF Dev | 915.15 | RE3 | 3.0 ± 0.6KHz | BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| 22 | TBST Dev | 915.15 | RE3 | 3.0 ± 0.6KHz | BPF:OFF-20K | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| | | | | | | |
| 23 | VOX | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | Only press <input type="checkbox"/> key | Press <input type="checkbox"/> key |
| | | | | | | |

RX Adjustment Specification

JOB

PAGE

機種

DJ-G29T

Standard Measuring Condition

MOD Frequency: 1kHz, Deviation: FM 3.5KHz, AF output power: about 50mW(8)

| No. | Item | Freq.(MHz) | ADJ. | Adjustment SPEC. | Note | Operation |
|----------|--------------------------|------------|------|------------------|---|--------------------|
| 50 | Sensitivity (Lower edge) | 216.05 | RE3 | Less than -7dBu | Adjust RE3 to best position of sensitivity. | Press D key |
| 51 | Sensitivity (Center) | 223.55 | RE3 | Less than -7dBu | Adjust RE3 to best position of sensitivity. | Press D key |
| 52 | Sensitivity (Upper edge) | 249.95 | RE3 | Less than -7dBu | Adjust RE3 to best position of sensitivity. | Press D key |
| | | | | | | |
| 53 | Squelch (Min.) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: -10dBu | Press D key |
| 54 | Squelch (Max.) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press D key |
| 55 | S-meter (1 level) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press D key |
| 56 | S-meter (Full level) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 25dBu | Press D key |
| 61 (SUB) | Squelch (Min.) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: -10dBu | Press D key |
| 62 (SUB) | Squelch (Max.) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press D key |
| 63 (SUB) | S-meter (1 level) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press D key |
| 64 (SUB) | S-meter (Full level) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 25dBu | Press D key |

| RX Adjustment Specification | | | | | JOB | PAGE |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | | | | 機種 | DJ-G29T |
| No. | Item | Freq.(MHz) | ADJ. | Adjustment SPEC. | Note | Operation |
| 57 | Squelch (Min.) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: -10Bu | Press [D] key |
| 58 | Squelch (Max.) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press [D] key |
| 59 | S-meter (1 level) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press [D] key |
| 60 | S-meter (Full level) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 20dBu | Press [D] key |
| 65 (SUB) | Squelch (Min.) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: -10Bu | Press [D] key |
| 66 (SUB) | Squelch (Max.) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press [D] key |
| 67 (SUB) | S-meter (1 level) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 0dBu | Press [D] key |
| 68 (SUB) | S-meter (Full level) | 915.15 | - | Voltage memory | SSG output level: 20dBu | Press [D] key |
| 69 | Battery indicator (Full) | 223.55 | - | Voltage memory | DC IN 13.80V ± 0.02V | Press [D] key |
| 70 | Aging test | 223.55 915.15 | Press [D] key | | Antenna connector: 50ohm dummy load Finish automatically in 30 minutes. Manual stop: Press [FUNC] key | |
| <p>After adjust the all item, press the [FUNC] key. Then take off from the adjustment mode.</p> | | | | | | |